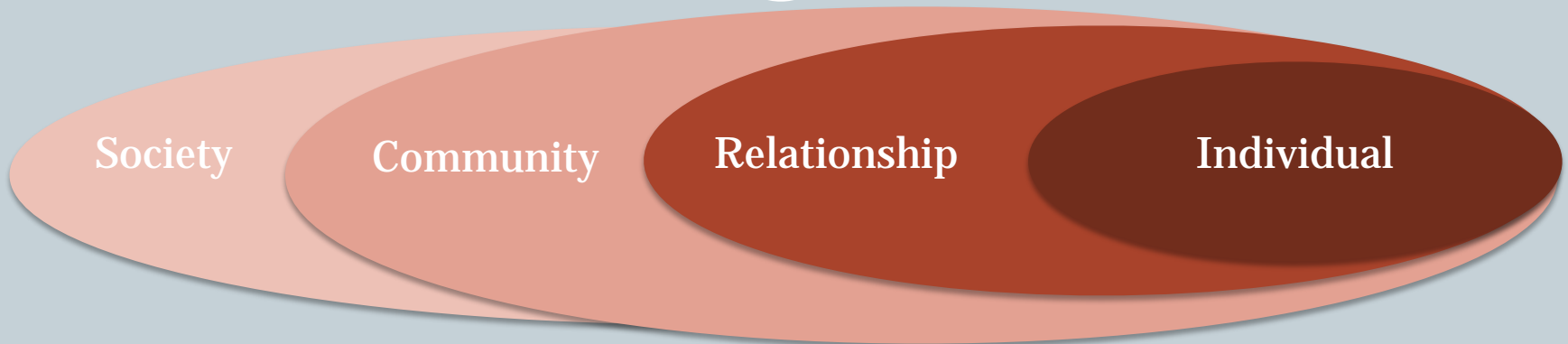


# Risk Factors for Human Trafficking (Supply Side)

Jen Przewoznik



Society

Community

Relationship

Individual

- Hyper-sexualization of women and girls
  - Social disparities
  - Weak laws and policies related to risk factors for victimization
  - (homelessness, discrimination against LGBTQ people, underfunding of public schools, sexuality education, etc.)
  - Weak laws and policies related to gender equality
- Lack of employment opportunities
  - Community disorganization
  - Economic marginalization
  - Lack of community resources (ie, housing for homeless youth, family counseling/therapy)
  - Community bias toward LGBTQ people, DV/SV survivors
- Violence and abuse in the home
  - Family inacceptance
- Socioeconomic status
  - Homelessness
  - Running away from home
  - Residing in a foster or group home
  - Truancy
  - Hx of physical, sexual, or emotional abuse

# Protective Factors for Human Trafficking (Supply Side)

Jen Przewoznik



- Respect for diversity and emphasis on equality
- High status of women
- High level of gender equity
- Policies that support children and families

- Bonding with caring adults
- School/ community connectedness
- Available resources and opportunities
- Healthy community norms and expectations
- Programs that support children and families (ie, nurse-family partnerships, in-home interventions, etc)

- Family connectedness and/or attachment
- Good peer relationships
- High educational expectations from parents or guardians

- Viewing problem behavior disapprovingly
- A sense of self-efficacy
- Good emotional health
- Problem solving and conflict resolution skills
- **\*\*note: all of these are for SV, as I could not find literature that explicitly bears this out for HT**